## **Patent Claims**

1. Process for the preparation of compounds of the formula I

in which

 $R^3$ 

Α

20

25

30

35

R is Hal or C≡CH,

is H, =O, Hal, A, OH, OA, A-COO-, A-CONH-, A-CONA-, N<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, COOH, COOA, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA, CON(A)<sub>2</sub>, O-allyl, O-propargyl, O-benzyl, =N-OH or =N-OA,

R<sup>2</sup> is H, Hal or A,

is 2-oxopiperidin-1-yl, 2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl, 2-oxo-1*H*-pyridin-1-yl, 3-oxomorpholin-4-yl, 4-oxo-1*H*-pyridin-1-yl, 2-oxo-1*H*-pyrazin-1-yl, 2-oxoimidazolidin-1-yl, 2-iminopiperidin-1-yl, 2-iminopyrrolidin-1-yl, 3-iminomorpholin-4-yl, 2-imino-imidazolidin-1-yl, 2-imino-1*H*-pyrazin-1-yl, 2,6-dioxopipe-ridin-1-yl, 2-oxopiperazin-1-yl, 2,6-dioxopiperazin-1-yl, 2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl, 2-oxo-1,3-oxazolidin-3-yl, 3-oxo-2*H*-pyridazin-2-yl, 2-caprolactam-1-yl (= 2-oxoazepan-1-yl), 2-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-on-2-yl, 5,6-dihydro-1*H*-pyrimidin-2-oxo-1-yl, 2-oxo-1,3-oxazinan-3-yl or 4*H*-1,4-oxazin-4-yl,

where the radicals may also be mono- or disubstituted by A or OA,

is unbranched, branched or cyclic alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms, in which, in addition, 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F,

Hal is F, Cl, Br or I,

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios, characterised in that

a) a compound of the formula II

5

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 OH II

10

in which

R<sup>1</sup> is as defined above,

is reacted with a compound of the formula III

15

$$R - N = C = O$$

20

in which

R is as defined above,

to give a compound of the formula IV

25

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R^1 \\ \hline \\ N \\ O \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} OH \\ IV \\ \end{array}$$

30

in which

R and R<sup>1</sup> are as defined above,

35

b) a compound of the formula IV is then reacted with a compound of the formula V

$$H_2N$$
 $R^2$ 
 $V$ 

5

in which R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are as defined above.

to give a compound of the formula I, and

10

c) this is, if desired, converted into pharmaceutically usable derivatives and/or solvates thereof by converting a base or acid of the formula I into one of its salts.

15

2. Process according to Claim 1 for the preparation of compounds of the formula I in which

R is F or Cl.

20

- and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.
- 3. Process according to Claim 1 or 2 for the preparation of compounds of the formula I in which

25

 $R^1$  is H, =O, OH, OA, A-COO-,  $N_3$ ,  $NH_2$ , O-allyl or O-propargyl,

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.

30

4. Process according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 for the preparation of compounds of the formula I in which

R<sup>1</sup> is H or OH,

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.

	5.		according to one or more of Claims 1-4 for the preparation of
	•	•	ds of the formula I in which
	•	R <sup>3</sup>	is 2-oxopiperidin-1-yl, 2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl, 2-oxo-1 <i>H</i> -pyri-
5			din-1-yl, 3-oxomorpholin-4-yl, 4-oxo-1H-pyridin-1-yl, 2-oxo-
		. · ·	1H-pyrazin-1-yl, 2-oxoimidazolidin-1-yl, 2-oxopiperazin-1-yl
		•	or 3-oxo-2 <i>H</i> -pyridazin-2-yl,
		and phan	maceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers
10		thereof, ir	ncluding mixtures thereof in all ratios.
	6.	Process a	according to one or more of Claims 1-5 for the preparation of
		compoun	ds of the formula I in which
		Α	is unbranched or branched alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,
15			in which, in addition, 1-3 H atoms may be replaced by F,
		and phar	maceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers
		thereof, i	ncluding mixtures thereof in all ratios.
20	7:	Process a	according to one or more of Claims 1-6 for the preparation of
		compoun	ds of the formula I in which
		R	is Hal or C≡CH,
÷		$R^1$	is H, OH or OA,
		R <sup>2</sup>	is H, Hal or A,
25		$R^3$	is 2-oxopiperidin-1-yl, 2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl, 2-oxo-1 <i>H</i> -pyri-
			din-1-yl, 3-oxomorpholin-4-yl, 4-oxo-1H-pyridin-1-yl, 2-oxo-
			1H-pyrazin-1-yl, 2-oxoimidazolidin-1-yl, 2-oxopiperazin-1-yl
			or 3-oxo-2 <i>H</i> -pyridazin-2-yl,
30		Α	is unbranched, branched or cyclic alkyl having 1-10 carbon
			atoms, in which, in addition, 1-7 H atoms may be replaced

by F,

Hal

35

is F, Cl, Br or I,

thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers

8. Process according to one or more of Claims 1-7 for the preparation of compounds of the formula I in which

R is F or Cl,

 $R^1$ 

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

is H, =O, OH, OA, A-COO-, N<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, O-allyl or

O-propargyl,

 $R^2$  is H, F or A,

R<sup>3</sup> is 2-oxopiperidin-1-yl, 2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl, 2-oxo-1*H*-pyri-

din-1-yl, 3-oxomorpholin-4-yl, 4-oxo-1H-pyridin-1-yl, 2-oxo-

1*H*-pyrazin-1-yl, 2-oxoimidazolidin-1-yl, 2-oxopiperazin-1-yl

or 3-oxo-2H-pyridazin-2-yl,

A is unbranched or branched alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,

in which, in addition, 1-3 H atoms may be replaced by F,

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.

9. Process according to one or more of Claims 1-8 for the preparation of compounds of the formula I in which

R is F or Cl,

R<sup>1</sup> is H or OH,

 $R^2$  is H, F or A,

R<sup>3</sup> is 3-oxomorpholin-4-yl,

A is unbranched or branched alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, in which, in addition, 1-3 H atoms may be replaced by F,

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers

thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.

hydroxide, carbonate or bicarbonate.

10. Process according to one or more of Claims 1-9, in which the reaction in step a) is carried out in an inert solvent or

solvent mixture, in the presence of an alkali or alkaline earth metal

- Process according to one or more of Claims 1-10,
   in which the reaction in step a) is carried out in aqueous
   NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution.
- 5 12. Process according to one or more of Claims 1-11, in which the reaction in step a) is carried out at a temperature between 60° and 110°C.
- 13. Process according to one or more of Claims 1-12, in which the reaction in step b) is carried out in the presence of ethyl 2-ethoxy-1,2-dihydroquinoline-1-carboxylate (EEDQ).
- 14. Process according to one or more of Claims 1-13,
  15 in which the reaction in step b) is carried out at a temperature between 10° and 70°C.
- 15. Process according to one or more of Claims 1-14, in which the reaction in step b) is carried out in tetrahydrofuran.
  - 16. Process according to one or more of Claims 1-15 for the preparation of compounds of the formula la

25

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R^1 & & \\ \hline \\ R & \\ \hline \\ N & O \\ \hline \\ N & O \\ \hline \\ R^3 & \end{array} \qquad \text{Ia}$$

30

in which

R is F or Cl,

 $R^1$  is H or OH,

 $R^2$  is H, F or A,

R<sup>3</sup> is 3-oxomorpholin-4-yl,

A is unbranched or branched alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, in which, in addition, 1-3 H atoms may be replaced by F, and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios, characterised in that

a) a compound of the formula II

10

5

in which

R<sup>1</sup> is H or OH,

15

is reacted with a compound of the formula III

20

$$R - N = C = O$$

in which

R is F or Cl,

25

in aqueous alkali metal or alkaline earth metal carbonate or bicarbonate solution, at a temperature between 60° and 110°C,

to give a compound of the formula IV

30

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R^1 \\ \hline \\ N \\ O \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} OH \\ IV \\ \end{array}$$

35

in which

R

is F or CI,

 $R^1$ 

is H or OH,

b) a compound of the formula IV is then reacted with a compound of the formula V

$$H_2N$$
 $R^2$ 
 $V$ 

10

in which

 $R^2$ 

is H, F or A,

 $R^3$ 

Α

is 3-oxomorpholin-4-yl,

15

20

35

is unbranched or branched alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms, in which, in addition, 1-3 H atoms may be replaced by F,

in the presence of an auxiliary reagent with formation of a mixed anhydride, at a temperature between 10° and 70°C,

to give a compound of the formula la, and

- c) this is, if desired, converted into pharmaceutically usable derivatives and/or solvates thereof by converting a base or acid of the formula la into one of its salts.
- 17. Process according to one or more of Claims 1-16 for the preparation of compounds selected from the group consisting of

1-[(4-chlor-phenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxo-morpholin-4-yl)-phenyl]}-(2R,4R)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,

1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-(2R)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,

	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[3-methyl-4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)-			
	phenyl]}-(2R)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[3-methyl-4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)-			
	phenyl]}-(2R,4R)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
5	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-(2S,4R)-			
	4-hydroxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[2-fluoro-4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-			
	(2R)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
10	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-(2R,4S)-			
	4-hydroxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[3-fluoro-4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-			
	(2R)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[3-trifluoromethyl-4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-			
15	yl)phenyl]}-(2R)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[2-fluoro-4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-			
_	(2R,4R)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-(2R,4S)-			
20	4-azidopyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-(2R,4S)-			
	4-aminopyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-			
25	(2R,4R)-4-methoxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
23	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-			
	(2R,4R)-4-acetoxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-(2R)-4-			
	oxopyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
30	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[3-methyl-4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)-			
	phenyl]}-(2S)-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[3-fluoro-4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-			
	(2R,4R)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			
35	1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-(2S,4S)-			
	4-hydroxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,			

1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-(2R,4R)-4-allyloxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide,

1-[(4-chlorophenyl)]-2-{[4-(3-oxomorpholin-4-yl)phenyl]}-(2R,4R)-4-(prop-2-ynyloxy)pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide.

5

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.

## Compounds of the formula IV

10

15

in which

20

R is Hal or C≡CH,

R<sup>1</sup>

is H, =O, Hal, A, OH, OA, A-COO-, A-CONH-, A-CONA-, N<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, COOH, COOA, CONHA, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CON(A)<sub>2</sub>, O-allyl, O-propargyl, O-benzyl, =N-OH or =N-OA,

Α

is unbranched, branched or cyclic alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms, in which, in addition, 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F,

Hal

is F, Cl, Br or l,

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.

30

25

19. Compounds according to Claim 18,

in which

R

is F or CI,

35

 $R^1$  is H, =O, OH, OA, A-COO-,  $N_3$ ,  $NH_2$ , O-allyl or O-propargyl,

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.

20. Compounds according to Claim 18 or 19, in which

5

R is F or Cl,

 $R^1$ 

is H or OH,

and pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios.

10

15

20

25

30